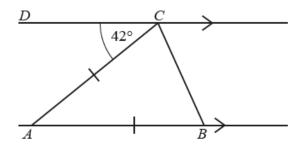


## 5.4 - Angles

Student name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

1.



NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram, DC is parallel to AB and AC = AB.

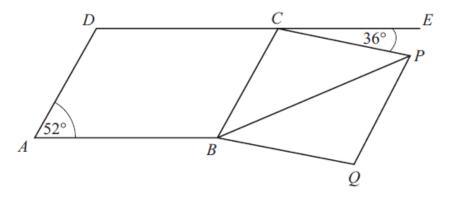
Work out angle ACB.

2. The size of one interior angle of a regular polygon is 156°.

Find the number of sides of the polygon.

Answer [2]

**3.** 



NOT TO SCALE

ABCD is a parallelogram and BQPC is a rhombus.

DCE is a straight line.

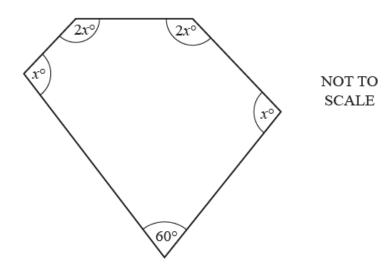
Angle  $DAB = 52^{\circ}$  and angle  $ECP = 36^{\circ}$ .

Find the size of angle BPC.

Answer [3]



4.



The diagram shows a pentagon.

Find the value of x.

5. (a) A regular polygon has 12 sides.

Work out the sum of the interior angles of the polygon.

[2]

(b) The interior angle of a regular polygon is 165°.

Find the number of sides of this polygon.

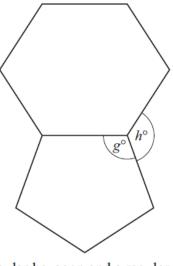
[2]

6. The interior angle of a regular polygon is 176°.

Work out how many sides the polygon has.

[3]

7.



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a regular hexagon and a regular pentagon.

(a) Find g.

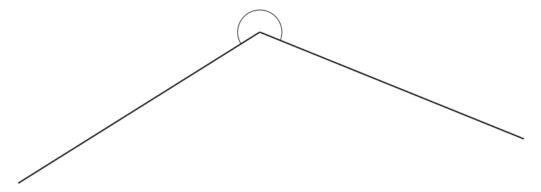
[3]

**(b)** Find *h*.

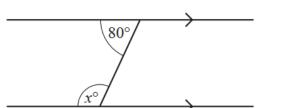
[2]



8. (a) Find, by measuring, the size of this reflex angle.



**(b)** 



NOT TO SCALE

Work out the value of x.

e of x.

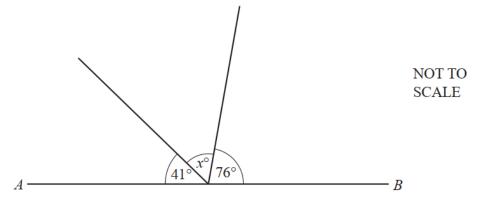
(c) Find the size of one exterior angle of a regular 18-sided polygon.

[2]

[1]

[1]

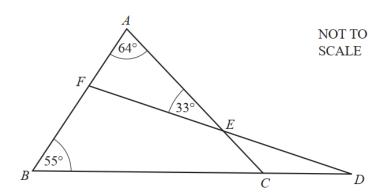
9.



AB is a straight line.

Find the value of x.

**10.** 



ABC is a triangle.

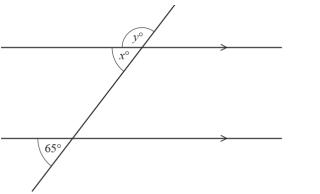
FED and BCD are straight lines.

Work out angle EDC.

Angle 
$$EDC =$$
 [2]



11.



Find the value of x and the value of y.

SCALE

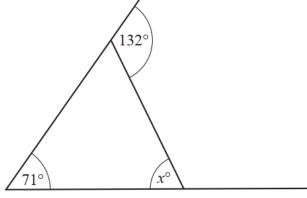
$$y = \dots [2]$$

12. A regular polygon has 40 sides.

Find the size of one exterior angle.

......[2

**13.** 

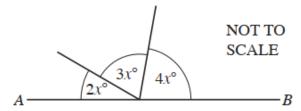


NOT TO SCALE

Find the value of x.

$$x = \dots [2$$

**14.** 



AB is a straight line.

Find the value of x.

$$x =$$
 [2]

15. The interior angle of a regular polygon is  $150^{\circ}$ .

Find the number of sides of this polygon.

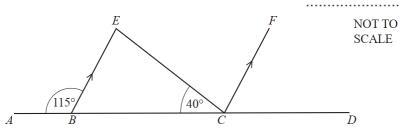




16. A regular polygon has 30 sides.

Find the size of one exterior angle.

**17.** 

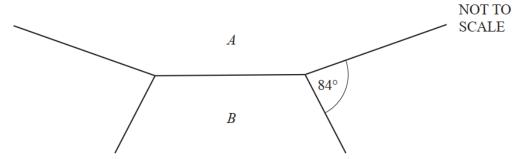


ABCD is a straight line and BE is parallel to CF.

Find angle ECF.

Angle 
$$ECF =$$
 [2]

18.



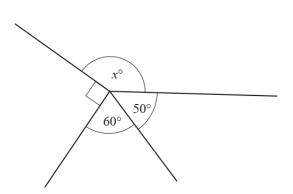
The diagram shows part of polygon A and part of polygon B.

A is a regular polygon with n sides.

B is a regular hexagon.

Find the value of n.

19.



Find the value of x.

$$x = \dots$$
 [1]

.....

NOT TO

**SCALE** 

**20.** Find the size of one interior angle of a regular polygon with 20 sides.

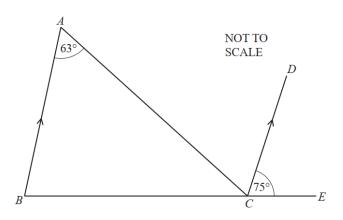
	[3]	
--	-----	--

**21.** Triangle *ABC* is isosceles and angle  $A = 40^{\circ}$ .

Find the three possible values for angle B.

	$\Gamma \cap \Gamma$
, ,	4

22.



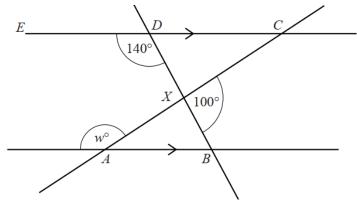
AB is parallel to CD.

Find angle ACD.

$$Angle ACD = \dots [1]$$

23. Find the exterior angle of a regular polygon with 15 sides.

24.



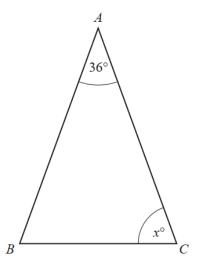
NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows two parallel lines with two straight lines crossing.

Find the value of w.

 $w = \dots [2]$ 

25.



NOT TO SCALE

AB = AC.

Find the value of x.

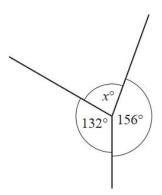
$$x = \dots$$
 [2]



26. The interior angle of a regular polygon is 160°.

Find the number of sides of this polygon.

27.



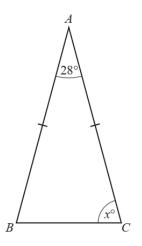
NOT TO SCALE

Find the value of x.

$$x =$$
 [1]

......[3]

28.



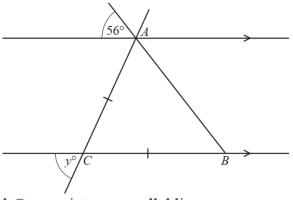
NOT TO SCALE

AB = AC

Find the value of x.

$$x = \dots$$
 [2

29.



NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram, A, B and C are points on parallel lines. AC = BC.

Work out the value of y.

$$y =$$
.....[3]

**30.** Find the size of one exterior angle of a regular octagon.

31. Each interior angle of a regular polygon is 170°.

Find the number of sides of this polygon.

.....[3]

32. (a) A regular polygon has 12 sides.

Work out the sum of the interior angles of the polygon.

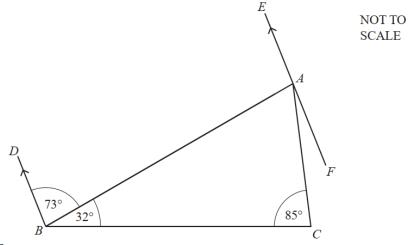
.....[2]

**(b)** The interior angle of a regular polygon is  $x^{\circ}$ .

Find an expression, in terms of x, for the number of sides of this polygon.

.....[2

33.



*BD* is parallel to *FAE*.

(a) Find angle BAE.

Angle BAE = [1]

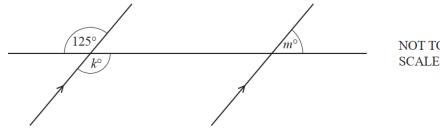
**(b)** Find angle *FAC*.

Angle  $FAC = \dots$  [2]

**34.** A regular polygon has 24 sides.

Find the size of each interior angle of the polygon.

35.



The diagram shows a straight line intersecting two parallel lines.

Find the value of k and the value of m.

$$m = \dots$$
 [2]

