

2.3 – Linear equations

Student name: Score: 17 - 2x = 4x - 7. 1. Solve the equation $x = \dots$ [2] 2. Solve the equation. $\frac{x+3}{7} - \frac{3(x-1)}{14} = 1$ $x = \dots$ [3] 3. Solve the equations. 2-3(1-2x)=4(2-x)4. Find *n* when $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{n}{24}$. $n = \dots$ Solve. $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x+1}{3} = 2$ $x = \dots$ [3] Solve the following equation. $\frac{2x+1}{3} + \frac{x+1}{2} = 9$ $x = \dots$ [3] Solve these equations. (a) $\frac{x}{5} + 7 = 3$ $x = \dots$ [2] **(b)** 7(x+3) - 2(x+4) = 10 $x = \dots$ [3] 8. Solve. 2x - 3(1 - 4x) = 2(11 - 3x) $x = \dots$ [3] 9. Solve.

7x + 9 = 5x + 17

 $x = \dots$ [2]



10. Solve.

$$2 - 4(5 - 2x) = 0$$

x = [2

11. Solve.

(a)
$$4x = 28$$

$$x = \dots [1]$$

(b)
$$3(a-6) = 24$$

$$a =$$
 [2]

12. Solve the equation.

$$x - 11 = -4$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [1]

13. Solve the equation.

$$45 - \frac{90}{x} = 15$$

$$x =$$
 [3]

14. Solve.

$$6x - 5 = 19$$

$$x =$$
 [2]

15. Solve.

$$6-2t=-12$$

$$t = \dots [2]$$

16. Solve.

$$-3(1-4x) = 9$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [3]

17. Solve the equation.

$$2x-7 = -3$$

$$x =$$
 [2]

18. Solve.

$$2(4x-1) = 3(2x+1)$$



19. Solve.

$$\frac{8-x}{3} = \frac{x+1}{2}$$

 $x = \dots$ [3]

20. Solve.

(a)
$$5-2x=0$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [1]

(b)
$$-12 + 2x = 5x - 3$$

$$x = \dots$$
 [2]

21. Solve the equation.

$$2q-7=2-7q$$

$$q = \dots$$
 [2]

