



1.10 Surds

Student name: _____ Score: _____

1. Simplify.

$$\sqrt{98} - \sqrt{50} + \sqrt{8}$$

..... [2]

2. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{72} - \sqrt{50}$.

Answer(a) [2]

(b) Write $\frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}}$ in its simplest form by rationalising the denominator.

Answer(b) [2]

3. Simplify.

$$\sqrt{12}$$

..... [2]

4. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{75}$.

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Simplify $\frac{2}{5-\sqrt{3}}$ by rationalising the denominator.

Answer(b) [2]

5. (a) Simplify $8\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{8}$.

Answer(a) [2]

(b) Simplify by rationalising the denominator.

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{3-\sqrt{2}}$$

Answer(b) [2]

6. Rationalise the denominator in each of the following.

(a) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

Answer(a) [1]

(b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-1}$

Answer(b) [2]

7. Simplify.

(a) $\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{8}$

Answer(a) [2]

(b) $(5 + \sqrt{3})^2$

Answer(b) [2]

8. (a) Simplify.

$\sqrt{200} - \sqrt{98}$

Answer(a) [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$\frac{11}{5 - \sqrt{3}}$

Answer(b) [3]

9. (a) Simplify.

$\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{27}$

Answer(a) [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$\frac{7}{5 - \sqrt{2}}$

Answer(b) [2]

10. Write each set of numbers in order starting with the smallest.

(a) $\frac{1}{3}$

0.3

$\sqrt{0.3}$

0.29

33%

Answer(a) , , , , [2]
smallest

(b) $2\sqrt{5}$

$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

$(\sqrt{5})^3$

$\frac{5}{\sqrt{5}}$

Answer(b) , , , [2]
smallest



11. (a) Simplify $(3\sqrt{2} - 2)(2\sqrt{2} + 1)$.

Answer(a) [3]

(b) Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$.

Answer(b) [2]

12. (a) Simplify.

$$\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{147}$$

Answer(a) [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{3 - \sqrt{5}}{3 + \sqrt{5}}$$

Answer(b) [3]

13. Simplify $(5 + \sqrt{3})^2$.

Answer [2]

14. Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}$$

..... [1]

15. Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{2} + 1}$$

..... [2]

16. (a) Simplify.

$$\sqrt{3}(4\sqrt{12} - 7\sqrt{3})$$

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{7}{3 - \sqrt{2}}$$

..... [2]

17. Simplify $\sqrt{75}$.

Answer(a) [2]

18. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{125}$.

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Simplify $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}}$ by rationalising the denominator.

Answer(b) [2]

19. Simplify the following.

(a) $\sqrt{32}$

Answer(a) [1]

(b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+1}$

Answer(b) [2]

20. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{72}$.

Answer(a) [1]

(b) $\frac{\sqrt{2}+2}{\sqrt{2}-1} = p+q\sqrt{2}$

Find the values of p and q .

Answer(b) $p =$

$q =$ [3]

21. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}+1} = a\sqrt{2}+b$

Find the values of a and b .

Answer $a =$

$b =$ [3]

22. By rationalising the denominator, simplify

$$\frac{12}{\sqrt{6}-2}$$

..... [3]

23. Multiply out the brackets and simplify.

$$(2\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+2)$$

..... [2]

24. (a) Simplify.

$$(4-\sqrt{3})(4+\sqrt{3})$$

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{7}}$$

..... [1]



25. $p = 5 + 2\sqrt{3}$ $q = 5 - 2\sqrt{3}$

Find $p^2 - q^2$, writing your answer in its simplest form.

..... [3]

26. (a) Simplify fully.

$$\sqrt{700}$$

..... [1]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{1}{7 - \sqrt{2}}$$

..... [2]

27. Simplify.

$$\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{12} + \sqrt{27}$$

..... [2]

28. Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5} - 1}$$

..... [2]

29. Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{9}{\sqrt{7} - 2}$$

..... [2]

30. Expand and simplify $(2\sqrt{3} - 5)(4 + \sqrt{3})$.

..... [2]

31. Simplify by rationalising the denominator.

$$\frac{3}{2\sqrt{2} - 1}$$

..... [2]

32. (a) Simplify fully.

$$\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{48} + \sqrt{12}$$

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator, giving your answer in its simplest form.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3} + 5}$$

..... [2]

33. (a) Expand the brackets and simplify.

$$(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})$$

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}}$$

..... [1]

(c) Work out the value of

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{8}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{4}}.$$

..... [2]

34. Simplify.

(a) $\frac{12}{\sqrt{2}}$

..... [2]

(b) $(5 - 2\sqrt{3})^2$

..... [3]

35. In each of the following, rationalise the denominator and simplify your answer.

(a) $\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}}$

..... [2]

(b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2 + \sqrt{3}}$

..... [2]

36. Rationalise the denominator and simplify.

$$\frac{14\sqrt{2}}{3 + \sqrt{2}}$$

..... [3]

37. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{72}$.

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5} + 2}$$

..... [2]



38. Rationalise the denominator and simplify your answer.

$$\frac{32}{\sqrt{8}}$$

..... [2]

39. Simplify.

$$\sqrt{32} - \sqrt{72} + \sqrt{50}$$

..... [2]

40. Rationalise the denominator, giving your answer in its simplest form.

$$\frac{5 + \sqrt{3}}{5 - \sqrt{3}}$$

..... [3]

41. Simplify.

$$(5 + 2\sqrt{3})^2$$

..... [3]

42. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{98}$.

..... [1]

(b) Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{5}}$$

..... [2]

43. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{125}$.

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator and simplify your answer.

$$\frac{18}{\sqrt{7} - 1}$$

..... [2]

44. (a) Simplify.

$$\sqrt{300} - \sqrt{27}$$

..... [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator and simplify your answer.

$$\frac{14}{3 - \sqrt{2}}$$

..... [3]

45. Expand and simplify.

$$(3\sqrt{2} + 7)^2$$

..... [3]

46. $(2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{2})^2 = p + q\sqrt{6}$

Find the value of p and the value of q .

$p = \dots\dots\dots$

$q = \dots\dots\dots$ [3]

47. Simplify.

$$\sqrt{125} + \sqrt{80}$$

$\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

48. (a) Simplify.

$$\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{27}$$

$\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(b) Rationalise the denominator and simplify your answer.

$$\frac{10}{5 - \sqrt{5}}$$

$\dots\dots\dots$ [3]

49. Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}$$

$\dots\dots\dots$ [2]