



The form $f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$

Student name: _____ Score: _____

1. Let $f(x) = a(x - 3)^2 + 7$

- (a) write down the coordinates of the vertex of the curve of f .
- (b) Given that $f(8) = -43$, find the value of a .
- (c) Hence find the y -intercept of the curve of f .

2. (a) Express $y = 3x^2 - 12x + 19$ in the form $y = 3(x - c)^2 + d$

- (b) Write down the coordinates of the vertex
- (c) Write down the equation of the axis of symmetry
- (d) Write down the y -intercept

3. Let $f(x) = 2(x + 3)^2 - 8$

- (a) Show that $f(x) = 2x^2 + 12x + 10$
- (b) For the graph of f
 - (i) write down the coordinates of the vertex;
 - (ii) write down the equation of the axis of symmetry;
 - (iii) write down the y -intercept;
 - (iv) write down both x -intercepts.
- (c) Hence sketch the graph of f .

4. Consider the graph of the function $f(x) = a(x - 10)^2 + 12$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$

- (a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex.
- (b) The graph of f has a y -intercept at -13 . Find a .
- (c) Point $(7, b)$ lies on the graph of f . Find b .
- (d) Find both x -intercepts.

5. Consider the graph of the function $f(x) = a(x + 9)^2 + 16$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$

- (a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex.
- (b) The graph of f has a y -intercept at -16.4 . Find a .
- (c) Point $(3, m)$ lies on the graph of f . Find m .

6. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 6x - 7$.

(a) (i) Write down the coordinates of the vertex.

(ii) Hence and otherwise, express the function in the form $f(x) = 2(x - h) + k$

(b) Solve the equation $f(x) = 0$

7. Let $f(x) = 2x^2$. The graph of f is translated 5 units to the right and 3 units down. The graph of g is the image of the graph of f after this translation.

(a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of g .

(b) Express g in the form $g(x) = 2(x - p) + q$.

The graph of h is the reflection of the graph of g in the x -axis.

(c) Write down the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of h .

8. (a) Express $y = 4x^2 - 18x + 8$ in the form $y = 4(x - c)^2 + d$

(a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex

(b) Write down the equation of the axis of symmetry

(c) Write down the y -intercept





The form $f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$

Student name: _____ **ANSWERS** _____ Score: _____

1. Let $f(x) = a(x - 3)^2 + 7$

- (a) write down the coordinates of the vertex of the curve of f . **(3, 7)**
- (b) Given that $f(8) = -43$, find the value of a . **$a = -2$**
- (c) Hence find the y-intercept of the curve of f . **(0, -11)**

2. (a) Express $y = 3x^2 - 12x + 19$ in the form $y = 3(x - c)^2 + d$ **$y = 3(x - 2)^2 + 7$**

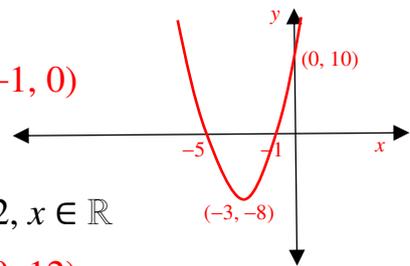
- (a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex **(2, 7)**
- (b) Write down the equation of the axis of symmetry **$x = 2$**
- (c) Write down the y-intercept **(0, 19)**

3. Let $f(x) = 2(x + 3)^2 - 8$

$$f(x) = 2(x + 3)^2 - 8 = 2(x^2 + 6x + 9) - 8$$

$$= 2x^2 + 12x + 18 - 8$$

- (a) Show that $f(x) = 2x^2 + 12x + 10$
- (b) For the graph of f
 - (i) write down the coordinates of the vertex; **(-3, -8)**
 - (ii) write down the equation of the axis of symmetry; **$x = -3$**
 - (iii) write down the y-intercept; **(0, 10)**
 - (iv) write down both x-intercepts. **(-5, 0), (-1, 0)**



(c) Hence sketch the graph of f .

4. Consider the graph of the function $f(x) = a(x - 10)^2 + 12$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$

- (a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex. **(10, 12)**
- (b) The graph of f has a y-intercept at -13. Find a . **-0.25**
- (c) Point $(7, b)$ lies on the graph of f . Find b . **9.75**
- (d) Find both x -intercepts. **(-5, 0), (-1, 0)**

5. Consider the graph of the function $f(x) = a(x + 9)^2 + 16$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$

- (a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex. **(-9, 16)**
- (b) The graph of f has a y-intercept at -16.4. Find a . **-0.4**
- (c) Point $(3, m)$ lies on the graph of f . Find m . **-41.6**



6. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 6x - 7$.

(a) (i) Write down the coordinates of the vertex. $(1, -10)$

(ii) Hence and otherwise, express the function in the form $f(x) = 2(x - h) + k$

(b) Solve the equation $f(x) = 0$ $x = -0.826, 2.83$ $y = 3(x - 1)^2 - 10$

7. Let $f(x) = 2x^2$. The graph of f is translated 5 units to the right and 3 units down. The graph of g is the image of the graph of f after this translation.

(a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of g . $(5, -3)$

(b) Express g in the form $g(x) = 2(x - p) + q$. $y = 2(x - 5)^2 - 3$

The graph of h is the reflection of the graph of g in the x -axis.

(c) Write down the coordinates of the vertex of the graph of h . $(5, 3)$

8. (a) Express $y = 4x^2 - 18x + 8$ in the form $y = 4(x - c)^2 + d$ $y = 4(x - 2.25)^2 + 12.25$

(b) Write down the coordinates of the vertex $(2.25, -12.25)$

(c) Write down the equation of the axis of symmetry $x = 2.25$

(d) Write down the y -intercept $(0, 8)$

